Multifunction Counter
H7BX

DIN 72×72 mm Multifunction Counter with a Bright, Easy-to-view, Negative Transmissive LCD.

- Highly visible display with backlit transmissive LCD.
- Selectable display color (red/green) enables checking output status at a distance.
- Easy operation with a key for each digit.
- Perform all basic settings with a DIP switch.
- Provides a total and preset counter, batch counter, dual counter, and tachometer (See note.).
- Wide range of inputs accepted for NPN/PNP inputs (multi-inputs) and 2-wire DC sensors.
- Complies with UL, CSA, and CE marking.
- Degree of protection: IP54 equivalent (front section only).

Note: The functions that can be selected depend on the model.

Ordering Information

■ List of Models

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>External power supply</th>
<th>Output type</th>
<th>Supply voltage</th>
<th>1-stage</th>
<th>2-stage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 VDC</td>
<td>Contact and NPN transistor output</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
<td>H7BX-A</td>
<td>H7BX-AW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24 VAC/12 to 24 VDC</td>
<td>H7BX-AD1</td>
<td>H7BX-AWD1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

■ Accessories (Order Separately)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Soft Cover</td>
<td>Y92A-72F1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard Cover</td>
<td>Y92A-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal Cover (See note.)</td>
<td>Y92A-72T</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Supplied with the H7BX.

Be sure to read Safety Precautions on page 25.
Specifications

### Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>H7BX-A/AD1</th>
<th>H7BX-AW/AWD1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Preset counter</td>
<td>Preset counter/tachometer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supported configurations</td>
<td>1-stage preset counter, total and preset counter (See note 1.)</td>
<td>1-stage preset counter, 2-stage preset counter, total and preset counter (See note 1.), batch counter, dual counter, tachometer (selectable)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply voltage</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)</td>
<td>24 VAC (50/60 Hz)/12 to 24 VDC (ripple 20% max.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating voltage range</td>
<td>85% to 110% of rated supply voltage (90% to 110% at 12 VDC)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>H7BX-A/AD1: 9.6 VA max. (100 to 240 VAC)</td>
<td>H7BX-AI/AD1: 8 VA max. (24 VAC), 5.3 W max. (12 to 24 VDC)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting method</td>
<td>Flush mounting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External connections</td>
<td>Screw terminals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Degree of protection</td>
<td>IP54 (front section only)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input signals</td>
<td>CP1, CP2, reset 1, reset 2, key protection</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counter</td>
<td>Max. counting speed</td>
<td>30 Hz or 5 kHz (selectable), ON/OFF ratio 1:1, setting for both CP1 and CP2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measuring ranges</td>
<td>30 Hz or 10 kHz (selectable)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measuring accuracy</td>
<td>±0.1% FS ±1 digit max. (at 23 ±5°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-shot output time</td>
<td>0.01 to 99.9 s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset input</td>
<td>External reset (minimum reset input signal width: 1 ms or 20 ms selectable), manual reset, and automatic reset (internal according to C, R, P, and Q mode operation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tachometer</td>
<td>Pulse measurement method</td>
<td>--- Periodic measurement (Sampling period: 200 ms)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max. counting speed</td>
<td>30 Hz or 10 kHz (selectable)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measuring ranges</td>
<td>30 Hz: 0.01 to 30.00 Hz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measuring accuracy</td>
<td>±0.1% FS ±1 digit max. (at 23 ±5°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output modes</td>
<td>Upper and lower limits, area, upper limit, lower limit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Auto-zero time</td>
<td>0.1 to 99.9 s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Startup time</td>
<td>0.0 to 99.9 s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average processing</td>
<td>OFF/2/4/8 times</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prescaling function</td>
<td>Yes (0.001 to 99.999)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decimal point adjustment</td>
<td>Yes (rightmost 3 digits)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor waiting time</td>
<td>290 ms max. (Control output is turned OFF and no input is accepted during sensor waiting time.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key protection input</td>
<td>Response speed: Approx. 1 s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No-voltage NPN input</td>
<td>11 ms max. (Leakage current at 0 Ω: Approx. 12 mA)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short-circuit (ON) residual voltage: 3 V max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Open (OFF) impedance: 100 kΩ min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input method (except key protection input)</td>
<td>No-voltage NPN input or voltage PNP input (selectable)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No-voltage input</td>
<td>1 kΩ max. (Leakage current at 0 Ω: Approx. 12 mA)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short-circuit (ON) residual voltage: 3 V max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Open (OFF) impedance: 100 kΩ min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Voltage input</td>
<td>4.5 to 30 VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low level: 0 to 2 VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input resistance: Approx. 4.7 kΩ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External power supply</td>
<td>12 VDC (±10%), 100 mA (For details, refer to External Power Supply on page 26.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control output</td>
<td>Contact output: 3 A at 250 VDC/30 VDC, resistive load (cos φ = 1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum applied load: 10 mA at 5 VDC (Failure level: P, reference value)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transistor output: 100 mA max. at 30 VDC max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Residual voltage: 1.5 VDC max. (approx. 1 V)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leakage current: 0.1 mA max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display (See note 3.)</td>
<td>Backlit 7-segment negative transmissive LCD</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Character Heights</td>
<td>PV: 13.5 mm (red/green)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SV: 9 mm (green)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digits</td>
<td>6 digits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>−99,999 to 999,999 (5 digits negative and 6 digits positive)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6 digits Counter: −99,999 to 999,999 (5 digits negative and 6 digits positive)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tachometer: 0 to 999,999 (6 digits)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memory backup</td>
<td>EEPROM (Overwrites: 100,000 min.), Data storage: 10 years min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient operating temperature</td>
<td>−10 to 55°C (with no icing)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ambient storage temperature</td>
<td>−25 to 65°C (with no icing)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient operating humidity</td>
<td>25 to 85°C (with no condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case color</td>
<td>Black (N1.5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessories</td>
<td>Two flush-mounting adapters, terminal cover</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1. The total and preset counter functions as a 1-stage preset counter and total counter.
2. Do not use an inverter output for the power supply.
3. Displayed only when the power is ON. Not displayed when the power is OFF.
■ Characteristics

- **Insulation resistance**: Between current-carrying metal parts and non-current-carrying metal parts: 100 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC) between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts, and between non-continuous contacts.

- **Dielectric strength**: Between power supply and input circuit: 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min
  
  - Between control output, power supply, and input circuit: 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min
  
  - Between non-continuous contacts: 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min

- **Impulse withstand voltage**: Between power terminals: 3.0 kV (1.0 kV for 24 VAC/12 to 24 VDC models)
  
  - Between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts: 4.5 kV (1.5 kV for 24 VAC/12 to 24 VDC models)

- **Noise immunity**: Between power terminals: ±1.5 kV
  
  - Between input terminals: ±600 V
  
  - Square-wave noise by noise simulator (Pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise)

- **Static immunity**: Malfunction: 8 kV
  
  - Destruction: 15 kV

- **Vibration resistance**: Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz, 0.75-mm single amplitude for 4 cycles each in 3 directions (8 min/cycle)
  
  - Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz, 0.50-mm single amplitude for 4 cycles each in 3 directions (8 min/cycle)

- **Shock resistance**: Destruction: 294 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
  
  - Malfunction: 98 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions

- **Life expectancy**: Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min.
  
  - Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (3 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC, resistive load) (See note.)

- **Weight**: Approx. 250 g

**Note:** Check the electrical life expectancy curve.

■ Applicable Standards

**Approved safety standards**

- cURus: UL 508, CSA C22.2 No. 14
- EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1): Pollution degree 2/overvoltage category II;
- EN 61326; VDE 0106 Part 100

**EMC**

- Emission Enclosure: EN 55011 Group 1 class A
- Emission AC mains: EN 55011 Group 1 class A
- (EMS) EN 61326
- Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2: 4 kV contact discharge; 8 kV air discharge
- Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3:10 V/m (Amplitude-modulated, 80 MHz to 1 GHz); 10 V/m (Pulse-modulated, 900 MHz ±5 MHz)
- Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6: 3 V (0.15 to 80 MHz)
- Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line; 1 kV I/O signal-line
- Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5: 1 kV line to lines (power and output lines (relay outputs)); 2 kV line to ground (power and output lines (relay outputs))
- Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11: 0.5 cycle, 100% (rated voltage)

## Electrical Life Expectancy

### Resitive Load

![Resitive Load Graph](image)

- **Graph Caption**: Electrical Life Expectancy (Reference Values)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Load current (A)</th>
<th>No. of operations (×10³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 VAC (cos φ = 0.4)</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Inductive Load

![Inductive Load Graph](image)

- **Graph Caption**: Electrical Life Expectancy (Reference Values)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Load current (A)</th>
<th>No. of operations (×10³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 VAC (cos φ = 0.4)</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** A current of 0.15 A max. can be switched at 125 VDC (cos φ = 1) and current of 0.1 A max. can be switched with L/R = 7 m/s. In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected.
I/O Functions

Using as a Counter (See note 1.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inputs</th>
<th>CP1, CP2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) All Modes Except for Dual Counter Mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Reads count signals.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Increment, decrement, up/down (command, individual, or quadrature) inputs can be used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Dual Counter Mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Reads CP1 count signals on CP1 input and CP2 count signals on CP2 input.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Increment signals can be used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset or Reset 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) All Modes Except for Dual Counter Mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Resets present value and outputs (OUT2 when using the batch counter). (See note 2.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Counting cannot be performed while resetting or when reset 1 input is ON.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• The reset indicator is lit while the reset input is ON.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Dual Counter Mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Resets the CP1 present value to 0.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Counting the CP1 input cannot be performed while the reset 1 input is ON.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• The reset indicator is lit while the reset 1 input is ON.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outputs</td>
<td>OUT1, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When the corresponding set value is reached, signals are output according to the designated output mode.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Reset or Reset 2

The reset operation depends on the selected function. (See note 3.)

Note 1: Refer to pages 14 to 17 for information on the operation of input and output functions.

Note 2: In increment mode or increment/decrement mode, the present value returns to 0; in decrement mode, the present value returns to the set value with 1-stage models, and returns to set value 2 with 2-stage models.

Note 3: The reset indicator will not be lit when the total reset or reset 2 input is ON.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Reset operation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-stage/2-stage preset counter</td>
<td>Does not operate (Not used).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total and preset counter</td>
<td>• Resets the total count value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Holds the total count value at 0 while the total reset input is ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch counter</td>
<td>• Resets the batch count value and batch output (OUT1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Holds the batch count value at 0 while the reset 2 input is ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual counter</td>
<td>• Resets the CP2 present value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Counting for CP2 input is disabled while the reset 2 input is ON.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Using as a Tachometer

Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input</th>
<th>CP1, CP2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reads counting signals. (CP2 input is not available.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset 1, Reset 2</td>
<td>Holds the measurement value and outputs. (Reset 2 input is not available.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The reset indicator is lit during hold.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Outputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output</th>
<th>OUT1, 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outputs signals according to the specified output mode when a set value is reached.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Using as a Counter or Tachometer

Key protection input

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input</th>
<th>• Prohibits using the keys on the front panel.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Set the key protection level in function selection mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: For details, refer to page 24.
Connections

■ Terminal Arrangement
Confirm that the power supply meets specifications before using the H7BX.

H7BX-A

H7BX-AW

H7BX-AD1

H7BX-AWD1

Note: Do not use the unused terminals for relay connections.

■ Block Diagram

■ Input Circuits
  ● CP1, CP2, Reset/Reset 1, and Total Reset/Reset 2 Input

Note: The circuit shown above is for no-voltage input (NPN input).
Input Connections
A no-voltage input (short-circuit or open) or voltage input can be selected for each input. (The key protection input is always a no-voltage input (NPN input)).

- **No-voltage Inputs (NPN Inputs)**

  **Open Collector**

  **Voltage Output**

  **Contact Input**

  **DC Two-wire Sensor**

  ![Input Connections Diagram]

  **Note:** When the H7BX is used as a tachometer, the CP2 input and total reset/reset 2 input are not used.

  **No-voltage Input Signal Levels**

  **No-contact input**

  Short-circuit level
  - Residual voltage: 3 V max.
  - Impedance when ON: 1 kΩ max.
  (The leakage current is 5 to 12 mA when the impedance is 0 Ω.)

  Open level
  - Transistor OFF
  - Impedance when OFF: 100 kΩ min.

  **Contact input**

  Use contact which can adequately switch 5 mA at 10 V.

  **Contact Input (PNP Transistor)**

  **No-contact Input (PNP Transistor)**

  **Contact Input**

  ![Contact Input Diagram]

  **Note:** When the H7BX is used as a tachometer, the CP2 input and total reset/reset 2 input are not used.

  **Voltage Input Signal Levels**

  **High level (Input ON):** 4.5 to 30 VDC

  **Low level (Input OFF):** 0 to 2 VDC

  **Note:**

  1. Use a DC power supply of 30 V max.
  2. Input resistance: Approx. 4.7 kΩ
Nomenclature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicators</th>
<th>Operation Keys</th>
<th>Switches</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>① Reset Indicator (Orange)</td>
<td>⑨ Mode Key Used to switch mode and setting items.</td>
<td>⑪ DIP Switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lit when the reset input (1) or reset key is ON.</td>
<td></td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>② Key Protection Indicator (Orange)</td>
<td>⑩ Reset Key</td>
<td>2 3 4 5 6 7 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>③ Control Output Indicator (Orange)</td>
<td></td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUT1, OUT2 Two stages</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>④ Present Value (Main Display)</td>
<td>⑩ Up Keys: 1 to 8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Character height: 13.5 mm (Red/green selectable)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑤ Set Value (Sub-display)</td>
<td>⑩ 6 to 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Character height: 9 mm (Green)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑥ Total Count Indicator (Green)</td>
<td>⑩ OUT: One stage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lit when the total count value is displayed.</td>
<td>⑩ OUT1, OUT2 Two stages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑦ Batch Indicator (Green)</td>
<td>⑩ Lit when the batch count value is displayed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lit when the total count value is displayed.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑧ Set Value 1 and 2 Stage Indicators (Green)</td>
<td>⑩ Lit when the total count value is displayed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dimensions

- **Counter**
  - **H7BX-A**

- **Dimensions with Flush Mounting Adapter**
  - **H7BX-A**
  - (The flush mounting adapter is supplied with the H7BX.)

Accessories (Order Separately)

- **Soft Cover**
  - Y92A-72F1
  - **Note:** Depending on the operating environment, the condition of resin parts may deteriorate, and may shrink or harden. Therefore, it is recommended that resin parts are replaced regularly.

- **Hard Cover**
  - Y92A-72T
  - **Note:** Supplied with the H7BX.

- **Terminal Cover (See note.)**
  - Y92A-72T
  - (VDE0106/T100)
Operating Procedures

■ Setting Procedure Guide

Settings for Counter Operation
(1-stage/2-stage Counter, Total and Preset Counter, Batch Counter, Dual Counter)

● Using Basic Settings Only

Basic Settings
- Counting speed (30 Hz, 5 kHz)
- Input mode (UP, DOWN)
- Output mode (N, F, C, K-1)
- One-shot output time (0.5 s, 0.05 s)
- Reset input signal width (20 ms, 1 ms)
- NPN/PNP input mode (NPN, PNP)

The settings can be made easily with the DIP switch.
⇒ For details on the setting methods, refer to page 9.

 claveon
 claveoff
 clave1 clave2 clave3 clave4 clave5 clave6 clave7 clave8
 claveon
 claveoff
 clave1 clave2 clave3 clave4 clave5 clave6 clave7 clave8

● Using Input Modes Not Given Above (Up/Down A, Up/Down B, Up/Down C), Output Modes (R/P/Q/A/K-2/D/L/H), or (OUT2) Output Time

Set all functions with the operation keys.
⇒ For details on the setting methods, refer to page 10.

● Performing Advanced Settings: Dual Count Calculating Mode, Output 1 Time, Decimal Point Position, Prescale Value, Display Color, or Key Protect Level

Settings other than the basic functions above can be performed with the operation keys.
⇒ For details on the setting methods, refer to page 10.

Note: The default setting is for a 1-stage preset counter. (For models with a 2-stage setting, the default is a 2-stage preset counter.)

Setting for Tachometer Operation (H7BX-AW only)

● Using Basic Settings Only

Basic Settings
- Counting speed (30 Hz, 10 kHz)
- Output mode (HI-LO, AREA, HI-HI, LO-LO)
- Average processing (OFF, 2, 4, 8 times)
- NPN/PNP input mode (NPN, PNP)

The settings can be made easily with the DIP switch.
⇒ For details on the setting methods, refer to page 19.

claveon
claveoff
clave1 clave2 clave3 clave4 clave5 clave6 clave7 clave8
claveon
claveoff
clave1 clave2 clave3 clave4 clave5 clave6 clave7 clave8

● Performing Advanced Settings: Decimal Point Position, Prescale Value, Auto-zero Time, Startup Time, Display Color, or Key Protect Level

Settings other than the basic functions above can be performed with the operation keys.
⇒ For details on the setting methods, refer to page 20.

Note: The default setting is for a 2-stage preset counter.
Operating Procedures (Counter Function)

Settings for Basic Operations

Settings for basic functions can be performed with just the DIP switch.

Be sure to turn ON pin 1 when using the DIP switch.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIP switch settings enable/disable</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting speed</td>
<td>30 Hz</td>
<td>5 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input mode</td>
<td>UP (increment)</td>
<td>DOWN (decrement)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output mode</td>
<td>Refer to the table on the right.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-shot output time (See note.)</td>
<td>0.5 s</td>
<td>0.05 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset input signal width</td>
<td>20 ms</td>
<td>1 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPN/PNP input mode</td>
<td>NPN (no-voltage)</td>
<td>PNP (voltage)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: All the pins are factory-set to OFF.

Caution

- Always turn OFF the power supply before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Always turn ON pin 1 when performing settings with the DIP switch. Performing settings with the DIP switch is disabled when pin 1 is OFF.
- DIP switch setting changes will be updated when the power is turned ON. Perform the settings before performing installation and supplying power.
- Property set the DIP switch to match the item being counted (or measured) and use the DIP switch monitor for confirmation.
- Use the keys on the front panel to perform all settings for input modes, output modes, and output times that cannot be set with the DIP switch. For details on the setting methods, refer to page 10.
- When performing these settings, always turn OFF pin 1 (DIP switch setting) (disabled).

Using the H7BX as a Total and Preset Counter, Batch Counter, or Dual Counter

The default setting is for a 1-stage preset counter. (For models with a 2-stage setting, the default is for a 2-stage preset counter.) To make changes, use the procedure shown on the right. For details, refer to page 23.

Hold down the [FUNC] Key and press the [UP] Key for at least 1 s.

The mode will not change if the [UP] Key is pressed first.

Note: This includes using a model with a 2-stage setting as a 1-stage preset counter.

After setting the DIP switch for basic operations, advanced functions (see note) can be added using the operation keys. For details, refer to page 10.

Note: Advanced functions consist of dual count calculating mode, output 1 time, decimal point position, prescale value, display color, and key protect level.
When using the H7BX as a Total and Preset Counter, Batch Counter, or Dual Counter, switch the configuration using the procedure on page 23.

### Setting Advanced Functions

**Settings that cannot be performed with the DIP switch are performed with the operation keys.**

For details on operations and display in run mode, refer to page 12. The display depends on the configuration used.

**Note:**
1. If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.
2. Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

The characters displayed in reverse video are the default settings.

When performing settings with operation keys only, turn OFF pin 1 of the DIP switch (factory setting).

If pin 1 of the DIP switch is ON, the setting items indicated by will not be displayed.

#### Power ON

- **Run mode**
- **Function setting mode**
- **Input mode**
- **Output mode**
- **Output time**
- **Counting speed**
- **Min. reset period**
- **Decimal point position**
- **Prescale value**
- **NPN/PNP input mode**
- **Display color**
- **Key Protection Level**

**Note:**
3. When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 6:**
For models with a 2-stage setting, the input mode is displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note 1:**
Displayed for output modes other than D, L, and H.

**Note 2:**
HOLD cannot be set when the output mode is K-2.

**Note 3:**
Set the input mode with any of the Keys.

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Set the output mode with any of the Keys.

**Note 6:**
Set the dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 1:**
If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.

**Note 2:**
Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is reset (present value initialized and output turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

**Note 3:**
When using as a dual counter
dual count calculating mode (ADD)

**Note 4:**
Displayed only when the output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.

**Note 5:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.

**Note 6:**
Displayed only when an Up/Down Mode is selected.

**Note 7:**
Set the number for each digit with the Keys.

**Note:**
Displayed only when the output mode is C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2.
Explanation of Functions

Settings marked with a star can be performed with the DIP switch.

- **Input Mode (cntm)** ★
  Set increment mode (UP), decrement mode (DOWN), or one of the increment/decrement modes (UP/DOWN A, UP/DOWN B, or UP/DOWN C) as the input mode. Input modes other than UP or DOWN modes cannot be set using the DIP switch. Use the operation keys if other modes are required. (For details on the operation of the input modes, refer to Input Modes and Present Value on page 13.)

- **Dual Count Calculating Mode (calm)**
  When the H7BX using as a dual counter, select either ADD (addition) or SUB (subtraction) as the calculation method for the dual count value.
  - ADD: Dual count value = CP1 PV + CP2 PV
  - SUB: Dual count value = CP1 PV – CP2 PV

- **Output Mode (outm)** ★
  Set the way that control output for the present value is output. The possible settings are N, F, C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, K-2, D, L, and H. Output modes other than N, F, C, or K-1 cannot be set using the DIP switch. Use the operation keys if other modes are required. The output modes that can be set vary with the model. (For details on the operation of the output modes, refer to Input/Output Mode Settings on page 14.)

- **One-shot Output Time (otim)** ★
  Set the one-shot output time (0.01 to 99.99 s) for the control output. A one-shot output can be used only when C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2 is selected as the output mode. Output times other than 0.5 s or 0.05 s cannot be set with the DIP switch. Use the operation keys if other settings are required.

- **One-shot Output 2 Time (otm2)** ★
  When the H7BX using as a 2-stage counter or batch counter, set the one-shot output time (0.01 to 99.99 s) for control output (OUT2). A one-shot output can be used only when C, R, K-1, P, Q, A, or K-2 is selected as the output mode. Output times other than 0.5 s or 0.05 s cannot be set with the DIP switch. Use the operation keys if other settings are required.

- **One-shot Output 1 Time (otm1)**
  When the H7BX using as a 2-stage counter, set the one-shot output time (0.01 to 99.99 s) for control output (OUT1). A one-shot output can be used only when D, L, or H is selected as the output mode. If the output time is set to 0.00, Brandon is displayed, and outputs are held.

- **Counting Speed (cnts)** ★
  Set the maximum counting speed (30 Hz/5 kHz) for CP1 and CP2 inputs together. If contacts are used for input signals, set the counting speed to 30 Hz. Processing to eliminate chattering is performed for this setting.

- **Reset Input Signal Width (iflt)** ★
  Set the reset input signal width (20 ms/1 ms) for reset/reset 1 and total reset/reset 2 inputs together. If contacts are used for input signals, set the counting speed to 20 ms. Processing to eliminate chattering is performed for this setting.

- **Decimal Point Position (dp)**
  Decide the decimal point position for the present value, CP1/CP2 present values, set values (SV1, SV2), total count value, dual count value and dual count set value.

- **Prescale Value (pscl)**
  Pulses input to the counter are converted according to the specified prescale value. Setting range: 0.001 to 99.999
  Example: To display the feed distance for systems that output 25 pulses for a feed length of 0.5 m in the form @0.5 @ m:
  1. Set the decimal point position to 2 decimal places.
  2. Set the prescale value to 0.02 (0.5 ÷ 25).

- **NPN/PNP Input Mode (imod)**
  Select either NPN input (no-voltage input) or PNP input (voltage input) as the input format. For 2-wire sensors, set the format to NPN input. The same format setting applies to all external inputs. For information on input connections, refer to page 6.

- **Display Color (colr)**
  Set the color used for the present value.
  Note: Incorrectly setting the prescale value will result in counting errors. Check that the setting has been performed correctly before using the H7BX.

- **Key Protect Level (kypt)**
  Set the key protect level. For details, refer to Key Protect Level on page 24.
## Operation in Run Mode

- **Set the number for each digit with the \( \text{Up} \) Keys.**

\[ \begin{array}{c}
\text{0} & \rightarrow & \text{1} & \rightarrow & \text{2} & \rightarrow & \text{3} & \rightarrow & \text{4} & \rightarrow & \text{5} & \rightarrow & \text{6} & \rightarrow & \text{7} & \rightarrow & \text{8} & \rightarrow & \text{9}
\end{array} \]

- **1-stage Counter**

  - **Present Value**
    Shows the present count value.
  - **Set Value (Set Value 1, Set Value 2)**
    Set the set value.
    When the present value reaches the set value, signals are output according to the specified output mode.

- **2-stage Counter**

- **Total and Preset Counter**

  - **Present Value/Set Value**
    Same as 1-stage counter.
  - **Total Count Value**
    Shows the present total count value.

- **Batch Counter**

  - **Present Value/Set Value**
    Same as 1-stage counter.
  - **Batch Count Value**
    Shows the number of times the count has been completed for the present value.
  - **Batch Count Set Value**
    Set the batch count set value. When the batch count value reaches the batch count set value, batch output (OUT1) turns ON.

- **Dual Counter**

  - **Dual Count Value**
    Shows the sum of the CP1 present value and CP2 present value when the dual count calculating mode is ADD and shows the value obtained by subtracting the CP2 present value from the CP1 present value when the dual count calculating mode is SUB.
  - **Dual Count Set Value**
    Set the dual count set value. When the dual count value reaches the dual count set value, signals are output according to the specified output mode.
  - **CP1/CP2 Present Value**
    Show the present count values for CP1 and CP2 present values respectively.
### Input Modes and Present Value (See note 1.)

#### UP (Increment) Mode

**CP1:** Count input; **CP2:** Prohibit input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

**CP1:** Prohibit input; **CP2:** Count input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

#### DOWN (Decrement) Mode

**CP1:** Count input; **CP2:** Prohibit input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

**CP1:** Prohibit input; **CP2:** Present value

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

### UP/DOWN A: Command Input Mode

**CP1:** Count input; **CP2:** Prohibit input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

### UP/DOWN B: Individual Input Mode

**CP1:** Count input; **CP2:** Prohibit input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be greater than the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

### UP/DOWN C: Quadrature Input Mode

**CP1:** Count input; **CP2:** Prohibit input

- Present value
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)
- \( \square \)

**Note:** must be at least 1/2 the minimum signal width. (See note 2.)

#### Note 1.
- If the configuration is set to dual counter, **CP1** and **CP2** inputs will operate in the same way as the count input (**CP1**) of UP (increment) mode.
- **必须** must be greater than the minimum signal width and **必须** must be at least 1/2 the minimum signal width. If they are less, a count error of ±1 may occur.
- Minimum signal width: 16.7 ms (when maximum counting speed = 30 Hz)
  100 \( \mu \)s (when maximum counting speed = 5 kHz)

#### Note 2.
- The meaning of the H and L symbols in the tables is explained below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Input method</th>
<th>No-voltage input (NPN input)</th>
<th>Voltage input (PNP input)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Short-circuit</td>
<td>4.5 to 30 VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>0 to 2 VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Input/Output Mode Settings

Operation for 1-stage models is the same as that for OUT2. When using a 2-stage model as a 1-stage counter, total and preset counter, or dual counter, OUT1 and OUT2 turn ON and OFF simultaneously.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input mode</th>
<th>Output mode setting</th>
<th>UP</th>
<th>DOWN</th>
<th>UP/DOWN A, B, C</th>
<th>Operation after count completion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>N</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td>The outputs and present value display are held until reset/reset 1 input turns ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td>The present value display continues to increase/decrease. The outputs are held until reset/reset 1 input turns ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>R</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td>As soon as the count reaches SV, the present value display returns to the reset start status. The present value display does not show the present value upon count-up. The outputs repeat one-shot operation. OUT1 self-holding output turns OFF after the OUT2 one-shot output time. The OUT1 one-shot output time is independent of OUT2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K-1</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td>The present value display returns to the reset start status after the one-shot output time. The outputs repeat one-shot operation. OUT1 self-holding output turns OFF after the OUT2 one-shot output time. The OUT1 one-shot output time is independent of OUT2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Graph" /></td>
<td>The present value display continues to increase/decrease. OUT1 self-holding output turns OFF after the OUT2 one-shot output time. The OUT1 one-shot output time is independent of OUT2.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Notes:
1. When the present value reaches 999999, it returns to 0.
2. Counting cannot be performed while the reset/reset 1 input is ON.
3. If reset/reset 1 input turns ON while the one-shot output is ON, one-shot output turns OFF.
4. If there is power failure while an output is ON, the output will turn ON again when the power supply has recovered.
   For a one-shot output, the output will turn ON again for the duration of the output time setting once the power supply has recovered.
5. Do not use the counter function in applications where the count may be completed (again) while the one-shot output is ON.
6. The set values are between 0 and 999999.
1. Counting cannot be performed while the reset/reset 1 input is ON.
2. If reset/reset 1 input turns ON while the one-shot output is ON, the one-shot output turns OFF.
3. If there is power failure while the output is ON, the output will turn ON again when the power supply has recovered. For a one-shot output, the output will turn ON again for the duration of the output time setting once the power supply has recovered.
4. Do not use the counter function in applications where the count may be completed (again) while the one-shot output is ON.
5. The set values are between −99999 and 999999.

### Input mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UP/DOWN A, B, C</th>
<th>Operation after count completion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K-2</td>
<td>The display continues to increase/decrease until the overflow or underflow value is reached. Only a one-shot output is possible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>The display continues to increase/decrease until the overflow or underflow value is reached. The outputs are ON while the count is equal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>The display continues to increase/decrease until the overflow or underflow value is reached. OUT1 is held while the present value is less than or equal to set value 1. OUT2 is held while the present value is greater than or equal to set value 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>The display continues to increase/decrease until the overflow or underflow value is reached. OUT1 is held while the present value is greater than or equal to set value 1. OUT2 is held while the present value is greater than or equal to set value 2. Note: H mode is available only when using a 2-stage counter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Total and Preset Counter Operation
The H7BX has a total counter separate from the 1-stage preset counter for counting the total accumulated value.

- The total counter continues to count the total accumulated value when the present value is reset using reset/reset 1 input (Reset Key).
- The total count value is reset when the total reset/reset 2 input is turned ON.
- The counting range of the total counter is −99,999 to 999,999. The total count value returns to 0 when it reaches the full scale limit.

Batch Counter Operation
The H7BX has a batch counter separate from the 1-stage preset counter for counting the number of times the count has been completed.

- The batch counter continues after count completion.
- Batch output is held until batch counter reset input turns ON.
- When the batch counter reset input is turned ON, the batch count value is reset, and batch output turns OFF.
- If the Reset Key is pressed while the batch count value is displayed, the batch count value is reset and batch output turns OFF. The present value is also reset at this time.

Dual Counter Operation
Using the dual counter allows the count from 2 inputs to be added or subtracted and the result displayed. It is possible to specify a set value for which output turns ON when the set value matches the added or subtracted result.

- The operation after count completion for the dual counter value is determined by the output mode.
- The CP1 present value is reset when reset 1 input is turned ON and the CP2 present value is reset when reset 2 input is turned ON.
- If the Reset Key is pressed while the dual count value, CP1 present value, or CP2 present value is displayed, all of the present values are reset and the outputs turn OFF. At this time, counting is not possible for CP1 or CP2 inputs.

Note 1. The batch count value is held at 0 while the batch counter reset input is on.
2. If the batch count set value is 0, batch count will be performed but there will be no batch output.
3. The batch count value returns to 0 when it reaches 999,999.
4. Once batch input has been turned ON, it will return to the ON state after power interruptions.
5. If the batch count set value is changed from a value that is greater than the batch count value to one that is less, batch output will turn ON.
6. After batch output turns ON, the ON state will be held even if the batch count set value is changed to a value greater than the batch count value.

Note 1. Counting is not possible for CP1 while the reset 1 input is ON. CP2 is not affected. The dual count value will be calculated based on a CP1 present value of 0.
2. Counting is not possible for CP2 while the reset 2 input is ON. CP1 is not affected. The dual count value will be calculated based on a CP2 present value of 0.
3. The counting range for the dual count value is −99,999 to 999,999.
4. If a present value exceeds 999,999, FFFFFF will be displayed to indicate an overflow, and all counting will stop.
# Reset Function List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>1-stage/2-stage counter</th>
<th>Total and preset counter</th>
<th>Batch counter</th>
<th>Dual counter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display in run mode</td>
<td>Present value/set value (1, 2)</td>
<td>Present value/set value</td>
<td>Present value/set value</td>
<td>Present value/set value/batch count set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset/reset 1</td>
<td>Present value and output reset.</td>
<td>Present value and output reset.</td>
<td>Present value and output reset.</td>
<td>Only the CP1 present value is reset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total reset/reset 2</td>
<td>No effect.</td>
<td>Only the total count value is reset.</td>
<td>Batch count value and batch output reset.</td>
<td>Only the CP2 present value is reset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset Key</td>
<td>Present value and output reset.</td>
<td>Present value, total count value, and output reset.</td>
<td>Present value, batch count value, output and batch output reset.</td>
<td>CP1 present value, CP2 present value, dual count value, and output reset.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operating Procedures (Tachometer Function) \(\text{(H7BX-AW□ only)}\)

■ Switching from Counter to Tachometer

The H7BX is factory-set to the 2-stage counter configuration. To switch to the tachometer configuration, use the procedure shown on the right. For details, refer to page 23.

Note: Hold down the \(\uparrow\) Key and then press the \(\uparrow\) Key for at least 1 s. The mode will not change if the \(\uparrow\) Key is pressed first.

■ Settings for Basic Operations

Settings for basic functions can be performed with just the DIP switch.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 DIP switch settings enable/disable</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Counting speed</td>
<td>30 Hz</td>
<td>10 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Tachometer output mode</td>
<td>Refer to the table on the right.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Average processing</td>
<td>Refer to the table on the right.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 NPN/PNP input mode</td>
<td>NPN</td>
<td>PNP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: All pins are factory-set to OFF.

The ON/OFF status of the DIP switch pins can be confirmed using the front display. For details, refer to page 23.

**Caution**
- Always turn OFF the power supply before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Always turn ON pin 1 when performing settings with the DIP switch. Performing settings with the DIP switch is disabled when pin 1 is OFF.
- DIP switch setting changes will be updated when the power is turned ON. Perform the settings before performing installation and supplying power.
- Properly set the DIP switch to match the item being counted (or measured) and use the DIP switch monitor for confirmation.

After setting the DIP switch for basic operations, advanced functions (see note) can be added using the operation keys. For details, refer to page 20.

Note: Advanced functions consist of the decimal point position, prescale value, auto-zero time, startup time, display color, and key protect level.
When the H7BX using as a tachometer, switch to the tachometer configuration using the procedure given on page 23.

## Settings for Advanced Functions

Settings that cannot be performed with the DIP switch are performed with the operation keys.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Run mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tachometer output mode (TOTM)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting speed (CNTS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decimal point position (DP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prescale value (PSCL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average processing (AVG)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-zero time (AUTZ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Startup time (STMR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPN/PNP input mode (IMOD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display color (COLR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key protect level (KYPT)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For details on operations in run mode, refer to page 22.

**Note:**
1. If the mode is switched to the function setting mode during operation, operation will continue.
2. Changes made to settings in function setting mode are enabled for the first time when the mode is changed to run mode. Also, when settings are changed, the counter is automatically reset (measured values initialized and outputs turned OFF) on returning to run mode.

The characters displayed in reverse video are the initial values. When performing settings with operation keys only, turn ON pin 1 of the DIP switch to OFF (factory setting). If pin 1 of the DIP switch is ON, the setting items indicated by □ will not be displayed.

### Tachometer output mode (TOTM)
- Set the tachometer output mode with any of the □ Keys.

### Counting speed (CNTS)
- Set the counting speed with any of the □ Keys.

### Decimal point position (DP)
- Set the decimal point position with any of the □ Keys.

### Prescale value (PSCL)
- Set the number for each digit with the □ Keys.

### Average processing (AVG)
- Set the average processing with any of the □ Keys.

### Auto-zero time (AUTZ)
- Set the number for each digit with the □ Keys.

### Startup time (STMR)
- Set the number for each digit with the □ Keys.

### NPN/PNP input mode (IMOD)
- Set the NPN/PNP input mode with any of the □ Keys.

### Display color (COLR)
- Set the display color with any of the □ Keys.

### Key protect level (KYPT)
- Set the key protect level with any of the □ Keys.
### Explanation of Functions

Settings marked with a star can be performed with the DIP switch.

- **Tachometer Output Mode ( bánh cã ) ★**
  Set the output method for control output based on the OUT1/OUT2 set value. Upper and lower limit (HI-LO), area (AREA), upper limit (HI-HI), and lower limit (LO-LO) can be set. (For details on the operation of the output modes, refer to Output Mode Settings on page 22.)

- **Counting Speed ( Cαβ5 ) ★**
  Set the maximum counting speed (30 Hz/10 kHz) for CP1 input. If contacts are used for input signals, set the counting speed to 30 Hz. Processing to eliminate chattering is performed for this setting.

- **Decimal Point Position ( dβ )**
  Decide the decimal point position for the measurement value, OUT1 set value, and OUT2 set value.

- **Prescale Value ( PSL )**
  It is possible to display the rate of rotation or the speed of a device or machine to which the H7BX is mounted by converting input pulses to a desired unit. If this prescaling function is not used, the input frequency (Hz) will be displayed. The relationship between display and input is determined by the following equation. Set the prescale value according to the unit to be displayed.

  \[
  \text{Displayed value} = f \times \frac{d}{\alpha N}
  \]

  \( f: \text{Input pulse frequency (number of pulses in 1 second)} \)

  \( \alpha: \text{Prescale value} \)

  1. **Displaying the Rotation Rate**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display unit</th>
<th>Prescale value ( ( \alpha ) )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rpm</td>
<td>( \frac{1}{N} \times 60 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rps</td>
<td>( \frac{1}{N} )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  N: Number of pulses per revolution

  Example: In order to display the rate of rotation for a machine that outputs 5 pulses per revolution in the form \( \text{rpm} \):

  1. Set the decimal point position to 1 decimal place.
  2. Using the formula, set the prescale value to \( \frac{1}{N} \times 60 = 60/5 = 12 \).

  2. **Displaying the Speed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display unit</th>
<th>Prescale value ( ( \alpha ) )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>m/min</td>
<td>( \frac{d}{N} \times 1/N \times 60 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m/s</td>
<td>( \frac{d}{N} \times 1/N )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  N: Number of pulses per revolution

  d: Circumference (m)

  Note: Incorrectly setting the prescale value will result in counting errors. Check that the setting has been performed correctly before using the H7BX.

- **Average Processing ( RUG ) ★**
  Flickering display and output chattering can be prevented by using average processing (simple averaging). Average processing can be set to one of four levels: no average processing, 2 times (i.e., the average of 2 measurement values), 4 times, or 8 times.

  The measurement cycle will be equal to the sampling cycle (200 ms) multiplied by the average processing setting (i.e., the number of times). Average processing enables fluctuating input signals to be displayed stably. Set the optimum number of times for the application.

- **Auto-zero Time ( Rαβd ) ★**
  It is possible to set the H7BX so that if there is no pulse for a certain time the display is force-set to 0. This time is called the auto-zero time. Set the auto-zero time to a time slightly longer than the estimated interval between input pulses. It will not be possible to make accurate measurements if the auto-zero time is set to a time shorter than the input pulse cycle. Setting a time that is too long may also result in problems, such as a time-lag between rotation stopping and the alarm turning ON.

- **Startup Time ( Sαβr )**
  In order to prevent undesired output resulting from unstable input immediately after the power supply is turned ON, it is possible to prohibit measurement for a set time. This time is called the startup time.

  It can also be used to stop measurement and disable output until the rotating body reaches the normal rate of rotation, after the power supply to the H7BX and rotating body are turned ON at the same time.

- **NPN/PNP Input Mode ( Cαβd ) ★**
  Select either NPN input (no-voltage input) or PNP input (voltage input) as the input format. Select an NPN input when using a 2-wire sensor.

  The same setting is used for all external inputs. For details on input connections, refer to Input Connections on page 6.

- **Display Color ( Cαr )**
  Set the color used for the measurement value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control output OFF</th>
<th>Control output ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( rEd )</td>
<td>Red (fixed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( Grn )</td>
<td>Green (fixed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  \( rEd \) (See note 1.)

  Measured value displayed in red when both control outputs 1 and 2 are OFF.

  Measured value displayed in green when either control output 1 or control output 2 is ON.

  \( Grn \) (See note 2.)

  Measured value displayed in green when both control outputs 1 and 2 are OFF.

  Measured value displayed in red when either control output 1 or control output 2 is ON.

  Note 1. If the tachometer output mode is set to AREA, however, the measured value is displayed in red when control output 1 is OFF and in green when control output 1 is ON.

  2. If the tachometer output mode is set to AREA, however, the measured value is displayed in green when control output 1 is OFF and in red when control output 1 is ON.

- **Key Protect Level ( HγPγ )**
  Set the key protect level.

  For details, refer to Key Protect Level on page 24.
# Operation in Run Mode

- Set the number for each digit with the [Up] Keys.

- Measurement Value
  Displays the currently measured value.

- OUT1/OUT2 Set Value
  Set OUT1 set value and OUT2 set value. The measurement value is compared to OUT1 set value and OUT2 set value and output is made according to the selected output mode.

## Output Mode Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output mode setting</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>OUT1 set value ≤ OUT2 set value</th>
<th>OUT1 set value &gt; OUT2 set value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Area (AREA)</td>
<td>ON condition for OUT1: Measurement value ≥ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value &gt; OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value &gt; OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ON condition for OUT2: Measurement value &lt; OUT1 set value or Measurement value &gt; OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value &gt; OUT2 set value or Measurement value &lt; OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value &gt; OUT2 set value or Measurement value &lt; OUT1 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper and lower limit (HI-LO)</td>
<td>ON condition for OUT1: Measurement value ≤ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ON condition for OUT2: Measurement value ≥ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper limit (HI-HI)</td>
<td>ON condition for OUT1: Measurement value ≥ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≥ OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≥ OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower limit (LO-LO)</td>
<td>ON condition for OUT1: Measurement value ≤ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≤ OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ON condition for OUT2: Measurement value ≥ OUT1 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≥ OUT2 set value</td>
<td>Measurement value ≥ OUT2 set value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Switching between Using a Preset Counter, Total and Preset Counter, Batch Counter, Dual Counter, and Tachometer

Select which H7BX configuration to use (i.e., preset counter, total and preset counter, batch counter, dual counter, or tachometer) in the configuration selection mode. The H7BX is also equipped with a DIP switch monitor function, a convenient function that enables the settings of the DIP switch pins to be confirmed using the front display.

Caution
To change the mode to configuration selection mode, press the \( \text{Up}\) Key for 1 s min. with the key held down. The mode will not change if the \( \text{Up}\) Key is pressed first.

Select the configuration with any of the \( \text{Up}\) Keys.

\[ \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Cntr} \quad \text{Tach} \]

(1-stage counter) (2-stage counter) (Total and preset counter) (Batch counter) (Dual counter) (Tachometer)

Note: 1. The configuration that can be selected depend on the model.
2. The default setting is for a 1-stage preset counter. (For models with a 2-stage setting, the default is for a 2-stage preset counter.)

The status of the DIP switch pins (1 to 8) can be confirmed using the \( \text{Up}\) Keys.

Note: This display is possible only if DIP switch pin 1 (DIP switch settings) is set to ON (i.e., enabled).

Example

![DIP Switch Monitor](image)

Note: 1. When the mode is changed to configuration selection mode, the present value is reset, outputs turns OFF, and counting (measuring) stops.
2. Setting changes made in configuration selection mode are enabled when the mode is changed to run mode.
   If the configuration is changed, the set value (or set value 1 and set value 2), OUT1 set value or OUT2 set value are initialized.
**Key Protect Level**

When the key-protect switch is set to ON, it is possible to prevent setting errors by prohibiting the use of certain operation keys by specifying the key protect level (KP-1 to KP-5). The key protect indicator is lit while the key-protect switch is set to ON. Confirm the ON/OFF status of the key protect switch after the H7BX is mounted to the panel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KP-1</td>
<td>(default setting)</td>
<td>Changing mode (See note.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KP-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KP-3</td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KP-4</td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KP-5</td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Changing to configuration selection mode and function selection mode.

**Self-diagnostic Function**

The following displays will appear if an error occurs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Main display</th>
<th>Sub-display</th>
<th>Error</th>
<th>Output status</th>
<th>Correction method</th>
<th>Set value after reset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- - - - -</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>Present value underflow (See note 2.)</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>Either press the Reset Key or turn ON reset input.</td>
<td>No change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F F F F F</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>Present value overflow (See note 3.)</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>Either press the Reset Key or turn ON reset input. (See note 4.)</td>
<td>No change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 1</td>
<td>Not lit</td>
<td>CPU</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Either press the Reset Key or reset the power supply.</td>
<td>No change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 2</td>
<td>Not lit</td>
<td>Memory error (RAM)</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Reset the power supply.</td>
<td>No change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e 2</td>
<td>Not lit</td>
<td>Memory error (EEP) (See note 5.)</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Reset to the factory settings using the Reset Key.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** Display flashes (1-second cycles).

2. Occurs when the present value or the total count value goes below -99,999
3. Occurs when the present value reaches 999,999 under the following conditions:
   - The output mode is K-2, D, L, or H.
   - The H7BX is set for dual counter operation.
4. Except when the H7BX is used as a tachometer.
5. Includes the case where the EEPROM has reached its overwrite lifetime.
Safety Precautions

⚠️ Caution

- Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch any of the terminals while power is being supplied.
- Fire may occasionally occur. Tighten the terminal screws to a torque of 0.5 to 0.6 N-m (4.4 to 5.3 in-lb).
- Minor injury due to explosion may occasionally occur. Do not use the H7BX where subject to flammable or explosive gas.
- If the output relay is used beyond its life expectancy, its contacts may become fused or there may be a risk of fire.
- Use the output relay within its rated load and electrical life expectancy. The life expectancy of the output relay varies considerably according to its usage.
- Minor electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur. Never attempt to disassemble, modify, or repair the H7BX or touch any of the internal parts.

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Precautions for Safe Use

- Operating Environment
  - The H7BX is intended for indoor use only. Do not use the H7BX outdoors or in any of the following locations:
    - Locations subject to sudden or extreme changes in temperature.
    - Locations where high humidity may result in condensation.
    - Locations subject to direct sunlight.
    - Locations subject to corrosive gas.
    - Locations subject to excessive dust or dirt.
  - This is a class A product (for industrial environments). In residential areas, it may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures to reduce interference.
  - Use the H7BX within the specified ratings for operating temperature and humidity. Temperature rise may shorten the service life of H7BX if it is used near a power supply or other heat-generating objects.
  - Use the H7BX within the specified ratings for vibration, shock, and splashing water.
  - The H7BX is not oil resistant. Do not use it in locations subject to oil.
  - Install the H7BX well away from any sources of excessive static electricity, such as pipes transporting molding materials, powder, or liquids.
  - Store the H7BX within the specified ratings. If the H7BX has been stored at temperatures of −10°C or lower, let it stand for 3 hours or longer at room temperature before turning ON the power supply.
- Power Supply
  - Maintain voltage fluctuations in the power supply within the specified range.
  - Internal elements may be destroyed if a voltage beyond the rated voltage is applied.
  - When the power is turned ON, an inrush current will flow for a short time (approx. 10 A for 2 ms). Depending on the power supply capacity, operation may not start. Be sure to use a power supply with a sufficient capacity.
  - Use a commercial power supply as the AC power supply for the H7BX. Using an inverter output with an output frequency of 50/60 Hz as the power supply may cause the H7BX to produce smoke or become damaged by burning.
  - Use a switch, relay, or other device with contacts so that the rated power supply voltage will be reached within 2 s. If the power supply voltage is not reached quickly enough, the outputs may malfunction.
  - Use a switch, relay, or other device with contacts so that the rated power supply voltage will be reached within 2 s. If the power supply voltage is not reached quickly enough, the outputs may malfunction.
- Installation and Wiring
  - To mount the H7BX to a panel, attach the two supplied adapters to the left and right sides of the H7BX, and securely tighten the knurled screws on the adapters by hand, maintaining a balance between them. Damage may result if the knurled screws are excessively tightened with pliers or other tools.
  - Be sure to wire the terminals correctly.
  - Up to two wires of the same size and type can be inserted into a single terminal.
  - Do not connect more than two crimp terminals to each H7BX terminal.
  - Use the specified wires for wiring.
  - Applicable wire: AWG 24 to AWG 18 (equal to a cross-sectional area of 0.20 to 0.82 mm²)
  - Solid wire or twisted wire (copper), operating temperature over 70°C.
  - Separate the H7BX, the devices that generate input signals, and input signal wires from any potential sources of noise, such as high-voltage lines.
- Handling
  - Do not use organic solvents (such as paint thinner or benzine), strong alkaline, or strong acids because they will damage the external finish.
  - Approximately 14 V will be output to the input terminals when the H7BX is used with the key protection input terminals and no-voltage input (NPN input) is used. To prevent charging accidents, connect a diode to the power supply circuit of input devices if input devices are used with a power supply of less than 14 V.
  - Do not connect loads that exceed the rated output current. The output elements may be destroyed, possibly resulting in short-circuit or open-circuit faults.
  - When using heaters, be sure to use a thermal switch for the load circuit.
  - Always connect a diode to protect against counter electromotive force when using an inductive load. H7BX electromotive force may destroy output elements, possibly resulting in short-circuit or open-circuit faults.
  - Install a switch or circuit breaker that allows the operator to immediately turn OFF the power, and label it to clearly indicate its function.
  - Check that the display (backlight and LCD) is operating normally. Some operating environments may accelerate deterioration of the indicators, LCD, and resin components and cause display malfunctions. Periodically inspect and replace parts.
Precautions for Correct Use

- Inrush current generated by turning ON or OFF the power supply may deteriorate contacts in the power supply circuit. Turn ON or OFF using a device with a rated current of 10 A or higher.
- Input signals may be accepted, not accepted, or unstable for the following time when the power supply is turned ON or OFF. Set the system to allow leeway in the timing of input signals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power supply</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input</td>
<td>200 ms</td>
<td>0 to 50 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unstable | Possible | Impossible

- This H7BX always compares the count value with the set value. Thus, if you change the set value during operation, please remember that the output will turn ON when the set value becomes equal to the count value.
- With the factory setting, the output will turn ON when power is supplied to the H7BX because the set value and count value are both zero. While resetting, however, the output stays OFF.
- EEPROM is used as memory when the power is interrupted. The write life of the EEPROM is 100,000 writes. The EEPROM is written when settings are changed, or the power is turned OFF.
- Water resistance will be lost if the front sheet is peeled off or torn. Do not use the H7BX if the front sheet is missing or torn.
- Abide by all local ordinances and regulations when disposing of the H7BX.
- External Power Supply
  Reduce the load current as shown in the diagram on the right according to the power supply voltage if a DC power supply is used for models specified for 24 VAC/12 to 24 VDC.

![Diagram of load current vs. power supply voltage]

- Load current (mA)
  - 0 to 100
- Power supply voltage (VDC)
  - 0 to 15
  - 10.8 to 20

Reduce the load current as shown in the diagram on the right according to the power supply voltage if a DC power supply is used for models specified for 24 VAC/12 to 24 VDC.
# Warranty and Application Considerations

## Read and Understand this Catalog

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

## Warranty and Limitations of Liability

**WARRANTY**

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

In no event shall the responsibility of OMRON for any act exceed the individual price of the product on which liability is asserted.

IN NO EVENT SHALL OMRON BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR, OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS OMRON'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPRIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

## Application Considerations

**SUITABILITY FOR USE**

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the products.

Take all necessary steps to determine the suitability of the product for the systems, machines, and equipment with which it will be used.

Know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to this product.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCTS ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

## Disclaimers

**PERFORMANCE DATA**

Performance data given in this catalog is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of OMRON's test conditions, and the users must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the OMRON Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

**CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS**

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. Consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased product.

**DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS**

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.