Digital Temperature Controllers/ NX-series Temperature Control Unit

E5□D/NX-TC

Temperature control is moving into the era of AI.
The adjustments made by skilled workers are automated using AI. The innovation of production sites has begun.

Optimal and automatic temperature control without human intervention easily achieves both productivity and quality.

Previous temperature controllers have not only required a long time for start-up settings and variation adjustments, it has also been difficult to make the optimal adjustments without having experience and intuition. There were therefore some effects on quality.

In response to this situation, OMRON developed temperature controllers that includes “adaptive control technology.”

This makes it possible to detect the changes in the status which will have an effect on quality and to automatically control the temperature so that the optimal state is always maintained, in the same way as a skilled worker would.

This frees production sites from troublesome start-up and adjustment work.
Causes of temperature variations on production lines

Workpiece changes
- Materials, dimensions, etc.

Machine and infrastructure changes
- Cooling water, gas, etc.

Environment changes
- Outside air temperature, etc.

Production speed: Slow
Failure rate: High
Adjustment by workers: Necessary

Previously

It is possible to continue producing good products without making set point changes or PID adjustments

Previously

The answer was
the industry's first inclusion* of "adaptive control technology"

With the "adaptive control" incorporated into this product, the optimal PID value is calculated automatically for both the time of the start-up and for during stable production. Furthermore, it is possible to monitor the temperature control status of the machine to automatically adjust the PID value to obtain the optimal temperature control in response to changes such as workpiece changes and machine changes.

There is one type of PID and after failures occur due to reasons such as machine changes, PID adjustment is performed with AT or manually.

Higher speeds become possible with the PID during start-up and also the optimal temperature control status is maintained with automatic adjustment of the PID value following changes such as machine changes.

* According to an investigation by OMRON of general-purpose temperature controllers for FA as of March 2017.
New value that supports advances in packaging machines

The sealing temperature is measured accurately and maintained quality even at higher speeds.

**Issues at production sites**
- Faster packaging to respond to the demand for foodstuffs arising due to the population increases in emerging nations
- Increase in speed even when performing multiple-product production using a wide variety of packaging materials
- At higher speeds, the temperature difference between the sealing surface and the control temperature widens, so the failure rate rises…

**E5D/NX-TC solve the issues**

The temperature of the sealing surface is stably controlled automatically with measurement of the sealing surface temperature and algorithms to suppress variations.

Even if the speed of the packaging process is increased, the difference between the sealing temperature and the control temperature is minimized to perform stable automatic control, so it is possible to realize faster production while maintaining the product quality. This also contributes to the use of thinner packaging materials and to high precision control.

**Even with the production of multiple products that require changes to the settings, automatic control reduces the work**

Even in the production of multiple products, which hinders faster speeds because a change of packaging materials can mean that time is required to change the settings, the use of automatic control that has a small error in the sealing temperature enables a speedy response at production sites.
The temperature error is minimized with a temperature sensor for packaging machines* and an algorithm for packaging machines (automatic filter adjustment function)

"Temperature sensors for packaging machines" to measure the temperature of the sealing surface

The temperature of the sealing surface is stably controlled automatically with measurement of the sealing surface temperature and algorithms to suppress variations.

"Automatic filter adjustment function" to suppress the instability in surface temperature measurements

By using the temperature sensor for packaging machines and the automatic filter adjustment function, it becomes possible to control the quality with the sealing temperature while also suppressing variation in the temperature with just a temperature controller, without relying on adjustments by workers.

On a conventional machine, the temperature sensor was a little distance away from the sealing surface, so a difference occurred between the temperature of the sealing surface and the temperature that was actually being controlled. The temperature difference and failure rates increased in proportion to the packaging speed.

The installation position of the temperature sensor for packaging machines has been brought closer to the sealing surface to bring the temperature of the sensor closer to the temperature of the sealing surface. This minimizes the effects from variation in the surface temperature of the packaging materials.

When a temperature sensor for a packaging machines is used, there is sometimes periodic temperature variation generated when there is a marked effect from the heat on the packaging materials side.

When the automatic filter adjustment function of the ES□D/NX-TC is used, this periodic temperature variation is suppressed automatically. It becomes possible to perform stable temperature control.

* Data measured by OMRON on a vertical flow packer.
New value that supports advances in **molding machines**

Stable control of the temperature changes arising from faster molding machines that can maximize production capacity.

### Issues at production sites

- Increased productivity to respond to demand expansion related to infrastructure as a result of the economic development of the emerging nations and the transfer of production bases overseas.

- At higher speeds, adjustments by the workers become necessary to respond to temperature variations arising due to factors such as the materials compounding and cooling water...

- It is difficult to achieve high speed production while also maintaining the quality...

### E5□D/NX-TC solve the issues

**Temperature variations due to speed changes and changes in the status of machines are suppressed without adjustments by the workers**

Stable control is achieved automatically by detecting the temperature variations on the heat generating parts of the material that occur when the speed of the extrusion molding machine is increased and by detecting the temperature variations due to variation in the cooling water. The work required for setting are also greatly reduced.

### Also saves energy on the machine

The stable control reduces the wasteful use of energy on the heater by up to 40% compared with conventional machines.

* Data measured by OMRON on a water-cooled twin screw extrusion molding machine.
Control performance that achieves new value

Temperature variations are minimized with an algorithm for molding machines (water-cooling output adjustment function)

On a water-cooled extrusion molding machine, increased speed leads to temperature variations due to various causes and it was previously necessary for the workers to repeatedly make valve adjustments to stabilize the quality.

With the E5D/NX-TC, the water-cooling output adjustment function suppresses the temperature variations to a minimum and raises the production capacity with the quality maintained.

**Causes of temperature variations**

- **Nonlinear characteristics of water cooling**
  In the type of cooling that uses the heat of evaporation, the cooling performance is nonlinear, so temperature variation occurs.

- **Variations in cooling water**
  When there are variations in the cooling water system, temperature variations occur with the conventional auto-tuning because it is not possible to respond to changes in the status during operations.

"Water-cooling output adjustment function" to simultaneously suppress the causes of temperature variations and maintain stable performance

- **To**
  Auto-tuning (Water cooling)

- **Water-cooling output adjustment function**
  During the production after the materials have been input, the water-cooling output adjustment function constantly detects changes in the temperature and suppresses the temperature variation by automatically adjusting the proportional band (cooling).

* Data measured by OMRON on a water-cooled twin screw extrusion molding machine.

Push-In Plus Technology for Easy Wiring

E5□D-B/NX-TC

Greatly Reduce Wiring Work

OMRON’s Push-In Plus technology are as easy as inserting to an earphone jack. They help reduce the work load and improve wiring quality.

Easy to Insert

Just Insert Wires: No Tools Required

Now you can use Push-In Plus technology to reduce the time and work involved in wiring.

Main specifications

E5□D/E5□D-B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>ESCD</th>
<th>ESCD-B</th>
<th>ESED</th>
<th>ESED-B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Size (mm)</td>
<td>Front panel: 48 x 48, Depth: 60</td>
<td>Front panel: 48 x 48, Depth: 67.4</td>
<td>Front panel: 48 x 96, Depth: 60</td>
<td>Front panel: 48 x 96, Depth: 67.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor input</td>
<td>Thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor (ES1B), or analog input (voltage/current).</td>
<td>Thermocouple: (±0.2% of indication value or ±0.8°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.</td>
<td>Analog input: ±0.2% FS ±1 digit max.</td>
<td>CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indication accuracy</td>
<td>(at the ambient temperature of 23°C)</td>
<td>(±0.3% of indication value or ±1°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.</td>
<td>Platinum resistance thermometer: (±0.3% of indication value or ±1°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.</td>
<td>Analog input: ±0.2% FS ±1 digit max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input sampling period</td>
<td>50 ms</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control output</td>
<td>Relay output, voltage output (for driving SSR), Linear current output</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal type</td>
<td>M3 screw terminal block</td>
<td>Push-In Plus terminal block</td>
<td>M3 screw terminal block</td>
<td>Push-In Plus terminal block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved standards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NX-TC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E5ED-B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>NX-TC24</th>
<th>NX-TC34</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Size (mm)</td>
<td>Front panel: 12 x 100, Depth: 71</td>
<td>Front panel: 24 x 100, Depth: 71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor input</td>
<td>Thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer</td>
<td>Thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference Accuracy</td>
<td>For details, refer to the &quot;NX-series Temperature Control Units User’s Manual (Man.No. H228)&quot;.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input sampling period</td>
<td>50ms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control output</td>
<td>Voltage output (for driving SSR), Linear current output</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal type</td>
<td>Push-In Plus terminal block (Screwless clamping terminal block)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved standards</td>
<td>cULus, CE, RCM, KC, EAC, NK, LR, BV, DNV-GL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>E52-CA/AY S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Lead wire type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element type</td>
<td>K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range</td>
<td>(Temperature range of sleeve)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 to 650°C (0 to 260°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective tubing length (mm)</td>
<td>60/120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective tubing diameter (mm)</td>
<td>1 dia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensating conductor</td>
<td>7 core/30 core</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature measuring junction</td>
<td>Grounded type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal type</td>
<td>Y(Y terminal), F(Ferrule terminal)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Main functions of E5□D/NX-TC

- Adaptive Control
- Automatic Filter Adjustment
- Water-cooling Output Adjustment
- Indication Data
- Power ON Time*
- Ambient Temperature
- Output ON/OFF Count*  

*Only E5□D Series

* For details of the specifications, refer to "ESCD/ESED Digital Temperature Controllers and Temperature Sensors for Packaging Machines Datasheet (Cat. No. H223)" and "NX - TC NX Series Temperature Control Unit Datasheet" on our website (www.fa.omron.co.jp)